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MO 89-25

indoctrinated and that they are being denied the truth by these jamming stations?

"A: They are convinced that such contact would harm them and would be dangerous. They are convinced that the state is doing them a favor by denying them access to Western radio broadcasts."

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COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 2649—Continued

Form No. 100 (Revised)
March 1959

Commission Exhibit No. 2650

UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE
TREASURY DEPARTMENT

ORIGIN	Dallas	OFFICE	New Orleans, La.	FILE NO.	CO-2-34,030
TYPE OF CASE	Protective Research	STATUS	Continued	TITLE OR CAPTION	
INVESTIGATION MADE AT	New Orleans, Louisiana	PERIOD COVERED	11-29-63 12-4-63	Lee Harvey Oswald Assassination of President John F. Kennedy	
INVESTIGATION MADE BY	SA Roger D. Counts				
<u>SYNOPSIS</u>					
This report covers investigations made at the branches of the public library at New Orleans. Attached is a list of the books obtained by Lee Harvey Oswald.					
<u>DETAILS OF INVESTIGATION</u>					
Reference is made to the M/R of SA Stewart, Dallas, dated 11-27-63, in which it was mentioned that Lee Harvey Oswald had among his belongings a New Orleans Public Library card No. 8460, and also to a telephone call from SAIC Souck to SAIC Rice requesting that inquiries be made to determine if Lee Harvey Oswald had checked out any books pertaining to the U. S. Secret Service.					
On 11-29-63 Jerome Cushman, Head Librarian, New Orleans Public Library, was interviewed. Mr. Cushman advised that the library card of Lee Harvey Oswald had been issued by the Napoleon Branch library, 913 Napoleon Avenue, New Orleans, and that the original of this card had been picked up by the FBI along with all available books which had been checked out by Oswald. He further stated that it would be extremely difficult to determine if Oswald had obtained books from the Main Library, as this would require examination of the microfilms of all transactions since Oswald obtained his card. He said that it would also be quite possible that Oswald could have any number of cards issued to him. These cards are filed numerically and, without knowing the exact card number, all cards would have to be checked to determine if this was the case.					
On 12-2-63 Geraldine Vaucresson, Librarian, was interviewed by SAIC Rice and the writer at the Napoleon Branch library. She stated that the correct number for the library card issued to Lee Harvey Oswald was N8640 and not 8460. This card had an expiration date of May 27, 1966, indicating that it had been issued on May 27, 1963. Mrs. Vaucresson said that the original card had been given to Mr. Cushman, Head Librarian, who had in turn given it to the FBI. She also said that a number of books which					
DISTRIBUTION	COPIES	REPORT MADE BY	DATE		
Chief	Orig. & 2 co's		DEC 10	12-10-63	
New Orleans	2 co's	SPECIAL AGENT		12-10-63	
Dallas	2 co's	APPROVED		DATE	
		<i>John W. Rice</i>	564	12-10-63	
		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	John W. Rice		

(CONTINUE ON PLAIN PAPER)

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

16-51284-4

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 2650

Oswald had checked out had been turned over to the FBI and that she had not retained a list of these.

On 12-3-63 SA Steve Callender, FBI, was interviewed and a list of the books checked out by Oswald was obtained (see attachment). This consisted of 34 books of which 27 are being held by the FBI. The 7 remaining books are in the possession of private citizens as they were checked out at the time of the investigation by the FBI.

Also on 12-3-63 a call was received from SAIC Bouck requesting that an inquiry be made to determine if Oswald had obtained any of the four books written by the following authors: U. E. Saughman, Harry Neal, Edward Starling, or Michael Keilly. On 12-4-63 a visit was made to the Napoleon Branch library where it was determined that none of the aforementioned books had been checked out by Oswald.

The difficulty in examining the records of the Main Library has been explained above. Of the nine remaining branch libraries, five have a record system similar to the Main Library. As this is the case, no effort will be made to examine these records as well as those of the other four branches unless specifically directed.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

Investigation continued.

ATTACHMENTS - Chief and Dallas

List of books obtained by Lee Harvey Oswald from New Orleans Public Library.

RDC/mjl

CARD SHOWS DATE CHECKED OUT	TITLE	AUTHOR	DATE WOULD HAVE BEEN CHECKED OUT
10/3/63	"Goldfinger"	IAN FLEMING	9/19/63
7/2/63	"Thunderball"	"	6/24/63
10/3/63	"Moonraker"	"	9/19/63
8/5/63	"From Russia With Love"	"	8/22/63
10/3/63	"Ape And Essence"	ALDOUS HUXLEY	9/19/63
10/3/63	"Brave New World"	"	9/19/63
9/5/63	"The Sixth Galaxy Reader"	H. L. GOLD	8/22/63
9/5/63	"Portals of Tomorrow"	AUGUST DERLETH	8/22/63
8/13/63	"Mind Partner"	Edited by H. L. GOLD	7/30/63
8/1/63	"Five Spy Novels"	Selected by HOWARD MAYCRAFT	7/18/63
9/23/63	"Big Book of Science Fiction"	GROFF CONNLIN	9/9/63
7/24/63	"The Hugo Winners"	Edited by ISAAC ASIMOV	7/10/63
8/22/63	"The Worlds of Clifford Simak"	CLIFFORD SIMAK	8/3/63
8/19/63	"The Expert Dreamers"	Edited by FREDERIK POHL	8/5/63
8/14/63	"Nine Tomorrows"	ISAAC ASIMOV	7/31/63
8/25/63	"The Treasury of Science Fiction Classics"	Edited by HAROLD KUEBLER	8/12/63
8/14/63	"Everyday Life in Ancient Rome"	F. R. CORRELL	7/31/63

DATE SHOWN ON FBI-INDEX	TITLE	AUTHOR	DATE WOULD HAVE BEEN CHECKED OUT
7/1/63	"Soviet Potentials"	GEORGE B. CRESSLEY	6/17/63
7/1/63	"What We Must Know About Communism"	HARRY BOHNER OVERSTREET	6/17/63
7/24/63	"Russia Under Khrushchev"	ALEXANDER MERRIN	7/10/63
7/15/63	"Portrait of A President"	WILLIAM MAULHSTEN JOHN F. KENNEDY	7/1/63
6/15/63	"The Huey Long Murder Case"	WILLIAM D. DEWESCH	6/1/63
6/5/63	"Portrait of A Revolutionary: Mao Tse-Tung"	ROBERT PAYNE	5/22/63
6/15/63	"The Berlin Wall"	EDAN and DAVID HELMER	6/1/63
7/1/63	"This Is My Philosophy"	Edited by WHIT BURNETT	6/17/63
9/23/63	"The Bridge Over the River Kwai"	PIERRE BOULLE	9/9/63
8/13/63	"The Hittite"	WOLB. B. GERSON	7/30/63
7/29/63	"The Blue Nile"	ALAN MOOREHEAD	7/15/63
7/20/63	"One Day In The Life of Ivan Denisovich"	ALEXANDER SOLEZNEVITSYN	7/6/63
9/23/63	"Den-Kur"	LEWIS WALLACE	9/9/63
7/29/63	"Profiles In Courage"	JOHN F. KENNEDY	7/15/63
7/12/63	"A Hall of Fame"	A. C. CLARKE	6/23/63
7/20/63	"Hornblower and The Hotspur"	C. S. FORESTER	7/6/63
6/26/63	"Conflict"	ROBERT MERRIS	6/12/63

The first 27 books are in the possession of the FBI.
The remaining 7 are in the possession of private citizens
who checked out these books after they were returned
by Lee Harvey Oswald.

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Date 2/25/64

Mrs. LILLIAN BRADSHAW, Director, Dallas Public Library, 1954 Commerce Street, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

A file of membership is not retained by the Dallas Public Library System; therefore, she has no records pertaining to LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

She further advised that the only records maintained by the Library are keyed to delinquencies; therefore, it would not be possible to determine a listing of the books read by OSWALD. In this connection, microfilmed records are maintained on books charged out. It would take a detailed review of over 2,600,000 such microfilmed records in order to establish the identity of the books charged out by OSWALD.

Mrs. BRADSHAW made available two copies of a Dallas Public Library delinquency notice which reflects LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 602 Elsbeth, Dallas, was delinquent on a book entitled, "The Shark and The Sardines", by JUAN JOSE AREVALO. The book was due on November 13, 1963, and, according to Mrs. BRADSHAW, it would have been charged out on November 6, 1963. The delinquency notice was never mailed. According to library records, the book was never returned.

Mrs. BRADSHAW indicated her records contained no other delinquencies for OSWALD.

She made available a copy of the above-described book which was authored by a former President of Guatemala, JUAN JOSE AREVALO, translated from the Spanish by JUNE COBB and Dr. RAUL OSEGUEDA and published by LYLE STUART, 225 Lafayette Street, New York 12, New York.

The Introduction to the American Reader by the Author, in part, reads as follows: "In your hands you hold a controversial book -- a book that speaks out against your

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on 2/19/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 100-10461by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YELCHAK/dsDate dictated 2/22/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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DL 100-10461

State Department's dealing with the peoples of Latin America during the Twentieth Century. In it there is intended no insult to, nor offense to, the United States as a nation. The future of your country is identified with the future of contemporary democracy. Neither does this book seek to cast blame on the North American people -- who, like us, are victims of an imperialist policy of promoting business, multiplying markets and hoarding money."

The two copies of the Dallas Public Library delinquency notice are being retained as part of this file, the copy of "The Shark and The Sardines" being returned.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

July 28, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In accordance with arrangements made by Mr. Arlen Specter of your staff, Jack L. Ruby was afforded a polygraph examination at the Dallas County Jail, Dallas, Texas, Saturday, July 18, 1964. The polygraph examination was conducted by Special Agent Bell P. Herndon, FBI Laboratory, Washington, D. C.

It should be pointed out that the polygraph, often referred to as "lie detector" is not in fact such a device. The instrument is designed to record under proper stimuli emotional responses in the form of physiological variations which may indicate and accompany deception. The FBI feels that the polygraph technique is not sufficiently precise to permit absolute judgements of deception or truth without qualifications. The polygraph technique has a number of limitations, one of which relates to the mental fitness and condition of the examinee to be tested.

During the proceedings at Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964, Dr. William R. Beavers, a psychiatrist, testified that he would generally describe Jack Ruby as a "psychotic depressive." In view of the serious question raised as to Ruby's mental condition, no significance should be placed on the polygraph examination and it should be considered nonconclusive as the charts cannot be relied upon.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "J. Edgar Hoover", is written below the typed name.

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COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 2650--Continued

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 2651