

UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE  
 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Commission Exhibit No. 3103

2.  
 CO-2-34,030

ORIGIN FIELD	OFFICE Dallas, Texas	FILE NO. CO-2-34,030	
TYPE OF CASE	STATUS Continued	TITLE OR CAPTION Assassination of President Kennedy	
INVESTIGATION MADE AT Dallas, Texas	PERIOD COVERED 5-11-64	Robert Klause	
INVESTIGATION MADE BY SA John Joe Nowlett and SA Gene Wofford			
<p><u>DETAILS</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>SYNOPSIS</u></p> <p>Investigation has not yet positively identified printer and/or financier of "Wanted for Treason" leaflets. Investigation continued.</p> <p><u>DETAILS OF INVESTIGATION</u></p> <p>Reference is made to my M/R dated 5-12-64.</p> <p><u>Other Investigations</u></p> <p>On 5-11-64, SAs Nowlett and Wofford interviewed Henry Davila of 2315 Beckley View, Dallas, at his place of employment, Eberidge Printing Company, 1512 E. Field Street, Dallas. Mr. Davila said that he went to work for Lettercraft on November 23, 1963, and worked until January 23, 1964. While he was working there, he said, that to the best of his knowledge, Lettercraft did not have any kind of type-setting device nor did they have any kind of letter press proofing press. However, he said while he was employed there, there were several different occasions upon which type could have been used and a letter press proofing press could have been used. Due to this fact, he says that he does not believe they had this kind of equipment. He said this work was farmed out to other printing companies while he worked there.</p> <p>Mr. Davila was shown the "Wanted for Treason" leaflet and he said that in his opinion, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Marcer or Mr. Bill Bacon would not have printed this type of literature. He also said that while he was employed there he does not recall Lettercraft printing any kind of political leaflets or material. He said that Robert Klause was interested in a "fast buck" and he would not put it past Robert Klause to have printed the leaflet. He said during his employment, he did not see any material, scrap, etc., or hear any conversation</p>			
DISTRIBUTION	COPIES	REPORT MADE BY	DATE
Chief ✓	Orig & 2 cc	<i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT	5-13-64
Dallas	2 cc	<i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	5-13-64

(CONTINUE ON PLAIN PAPER) U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-51299-4

that would indicate the leaflet was printed at Lettercraft.

Mr. Davila could not name any type setting company that set type for Lettercraft while he was working there as his job was printing.

Mr. Davila was asked if he knew of any friends of Robert Klause that were also in the printing business and he said that he knew of no real close friends, however, there was a man from Fort Worth whose name was Dolly or something similar to that.

During my interview with Mr. Monk of Monk Brothers, Mr. Monk mentioned a Delbert D. Dally, who approached Mr. Monk about doing some work on credit and said that he was a friend of the people at Lettercraft. Mr. Dally produced a card showing a Fort Worth address and also showing the address of Lettercraft at 2615 Oak Lawn, Dallas.

Mr. Davila was asked if the person's name could be Delbert Dally and he said that that sounded like the name. Mr. Davila also said it was his understanding the man was from Fort Worth, Texas.

On 5-12-64 SA Wofford and I interviewed Messrs Dright Hatcher at his home, 2562 Ann Arbor, Dallas. Mr. Hatcher said that he had worked for Lettercraft approximately two weeks and at the time he worked there he and Robert Klause were the only printers. To the best of Mr. Hatcher's memory, this was in September or October of 1963. At the time Mr. Hatcher worked there, he said they had one or two small presses and that Lettercraft was a small kind of fly by night printing company. Mr. and Mrs. Marcer wanted Hatcher to take over the printing angle of the business and free Bob Klause to sell and do the camera work. Mr. Hatcher said that he was not happy with the small business and quit after about 2 weeks. Mr. Hatcher said that at the time he worked for Lettercraft, they did not have any kind of type-setting device or letter press proofing press. The

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 3103--Continued

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 3103

3.  
CO-2-34,030

"Wanted for Treason" leaflet was shown to Mr. Hatcher and he replied that while he worked at Lettercraft, on one or two occasions he had run some scratch pads using the identical paper. The paper is 9" x 12" and 4 scratch pads are printed per page and later cut and glued into scratch pads. Mr. Hatcher said that he ran 6,000 or 8,000 sheets. Mr. Hatcher said that he had not been employed at Lettercraft long enough to really get to know Mr. and Mrs. Mercer and Robert Klaus, and could not render any opinion. Mr. Hatcher said that he was also very busy printing during the time that he worked there and that he did not know anything about any of the type setting companies that Lettercraft used, or any of the friends of Robert Klaus or Mr. and Mrs. Mercer. Hatcher could furnish no additional information of value in this investigation.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

Investigation continued.

JJE:wd

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 3103—Continued

Form No. 1000 (Revised)  
Manufacture Patent  
(9-1-60)

UNITED STATES SECRET  
TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Commission Exhibit No. 3104

1506

SEAR V V  
FILE NO. CO-2-34,030

ORIGIN Field		OFFICE New Orleans	
TYPE OF CASE	STATUS	TITLE OR CAPTION	
Assassination of President	Continued	Lee Harvey Oswald Assassination of President Kennedy	
INVESTIGATION MADE AT		PERIOD COVERED	
New Orleans, Louisiana		11/25/63 - 12/4/63	
INVESTIGATION MADE BY			
Special Agents Anthony E. Gerrets and Roger D. Counts and SAIC John W. Rice			
DETAILS			
<u>SYNOPSIS</u>			
<p>Dean Andrews, Jr., Attorney, New Orleans, advised that Oswald had visited his office on approximately three occasions in June-July, 1963, relative to his citizenship status, his wife's status and his undesirable discharge from the Marine Corps. On 11/23/63 Attorney Andrews was contacted by telephone by a Clay Bertrand, who inquired if he would be interested in defending Oswald. Inquiries made at Tulane University re Clay Bertrand and A. J. Hidell.</p>			
<u>DETAILS OF INVESTIGATION</u>			
Reference is made to previous reports submitted in this case.			
On 11/25/63 Attorney Dean A. Andrews, Jr., who is well known to this office, contacted SAIC Rice by telephone from the Hotel Dieu Hospital in New Orleans, where he was confined as a patient.			
He advised that in June and July, 1963, dates unrecalled, Lee H. Oswald had visited his office on three occasions and expressed concern about (1) his citizenship status; (2) his wife's status; and (3) his undesirable discharge from the Marine Corps which he claimed had made it impossible to obtain suitable employment.			
Mr. Andrews said that Oswald was accompanied by a total of approximately five persons during the three visits. He said that he knew two of the subjects by sight, and that on two occasions he was accompanied by a young man of Mexican extraction (not Cuban), whom he did not know. He said he believed that all of Oswald's companions were homosexuals who possibly frequent the Gaslight Bar in the French Quarter, where such individuals congregate. He said Oswald was supposed to furnish him \$20.00 and also his Marine Corps serial number in order to obtain copies of pertinent records from the			
DISTRIBUTION	COPIES	REPORT MADE BY	DATE
Chief Dallas New Orleans	Orig 42cc 2cc 2cc	467	
		SPECIAL AGENT	DATE
		<i>John W. Rice</i>	12-6-63
		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	

CONTINUE ON PLAIN PAPER

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-51895-4

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 3104